



Bear Markets

A bear market is a period of declining stock prices that can last several months to a few years. Bear markets are usually defined as a drop of more than 20% from the recent high in the indices (S&P 500, Dow 30, Nasdaq, etc.).

A bear market can occur due to various factors, such as economic recession, high-interest rates, and rising inflation. During a bear market, investor sentiment becomes negative, and they become more cautious, causing a decrease in demand for stocks. This decrease in demand leads to a fall in stock prices, further amplifying negative sentiment and contributing to a vicious cycle of declining stock prices.

It is important to note that during this period, stocks may fall even if their underlying financial performance is intact. Since the sentiment is exceptionally negative, bear markets could be a fantastic opportunity to purchase a great company at an excellent valuation

For new investors, keeping a long-term perspective when investing in the stock market is important. While bear markets can be complex, they are often followed by bull markets, in which stock prices rise, and investor sentiment becomes positive. It's important not to make investment decisions based on short-term market fluctuations but to consider a company's long-term potential.

Here is a chart of bear markets since 1928 that can be found at www.yardeni.com:

Yardeni Research, Inc. www.yardeni.com

Table 2: S&P 500 Bear Markets Since 1928*

Numbe	Percent	Trough	Peak	Trough	Peak
Of Days	Loss	Price	Price	Date	Date
•	-44.7	17.66	31.92	11/13/1929	9/7/1929
78	-83.0	4.40	25.92	6/1/1932	4/10/1930
17	-40.6	5.53	9.31	2/27/1933	9/7/1932
5	-29.8	8.57	12.20	10/21/1933	7/18/1933
40	-31.8	8.06	11.82	3/14/1935	2/6/1934
39	-54.5	8.50	18.68	3/31/1938	3/6/1937
18	-26.2	10.18	13.79	4/8/1939	11/9/1938
2:	-31.9	8.99	13.21	6/10/1940	10/25/1939
5	-34.5	7.47	11.40	4/28/1942	11/9/1940
1:	-26.6	14.12	19.25	10/9/1946	5/29/1946
3	-20.6	13.55	17.06	6/13/1949	6/15/1948
!	-20.7	38.98	49.13	10/22/1957	7/15/1957
11	-28.0	52.32	72.64	6/26/1962	12/12/1961
2	-22.2	73.20	94.06	10/7/1966	2/9/1966
5	-36.1	69.29	108.37	5/26/1970	11/29/1968
6	-48.2	62.28	120.24	10/3/1974	1/11/1973
6	-27.1	102.42	140.52	8/12/1982	11/28/1980
11	-33.5	223.92	336.77	12/4/1987	8/25/1987
9:	-49.1	776.76	1527.46	10/9/2002	3/24/2000
5	-56.8	676.53	1565.15	3/9/2009	10/9/2007
	-33.9	2237.40	3386.15	3/23/2020	2/19/2020
2	-25.4	3577.03	4796.56	10/12/2022	1/3/2022

^{*} Bear markets are declines of 20% or more.

** Number of days includes weekends and holidays

Source: Standard & Poor's Corporation; Haver Analytics.